

#### 4.4 ค่าตัวน้อย (Subsequences)

บทนิยาม:  $q_n = (s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  เป็นลำดับของจำนวนจริง และ  $(s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty}$

เมื่อกำลังของน้ำหนักที่  $n_1 < n_2 < n_3 < n_4 < \dots$

แทนเรียกว่า  $(s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty}$  ว่าเป็นกำลังของ subsequence

ต.e.  $(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$

Ex.

$(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} : s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6, s_7, s_8, \dots$

$$n_k = 2k, \forall k \geq 1 : (2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots)$$

$$(s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty} = (s_2, s_4, s_6, s_8, s_{10}, \dots)$$

ตัวอย่าง: กำหนดให้  $(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (\frac{1}{n})_{n=1}^{\infty}$

$$(s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty} = (1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{9}, \dots)$$

$$\text{ดังนั้น } (s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty} = (1, 3, 5, 7, 9, \dots)$$

$$(s_{n'_k})_{k=1}^{\infty} = (1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \dots)$$

ນາຕົວ:  $\{n - c n_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  ເມື່ອດີກັນຫວັງຈຳການຫັນກໍ່  $n_k < n_{k+1}$ ,  
ສໍານັບຖຸກ  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  ຈະໄດ້,  
 $n_k \geq k$  ສໍານັບຖຸກ  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ .

ປິດຕົວ: ນີ້ມາດົກ  $k = 1$  ເນື່ອຈານ  $n_1 \in \mathbb{N}$  ຈະໄດ້;

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$  ເມື່ອດີກັນຫວັງຈຳການນິ້ນດີກັນ  $n_1 > 1$  ເລີນ.

$\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$  ເມື່ອດີກັນຫວັງຈຳການນິ້ນດີກັນ  $n_k \geq k$

ອະນຸຍາວ່າ  $n_{k+1} \geq k+1$

ນີ້ມາດົກ  $n_{k+1} > n_k \geq k \Rightarrow n_{k+1} > k$

$\Rightarrow n_{k+1} \geq k+1$

□

ກຽມໝັ້ນ: ກ່າວ  $(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  ເມື່ອດີກັນຫວັງຈຳກິງກຳ  $\lim s_n = s$  //ລ່າກຳດັບປະຍາ  
ຮວມ  $(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  ຖືກິງກຳ  $s$  ໂດຍ

ນິ້ນສົດ:  $\{n - c n_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  ເມື່ອດີກັນຫວັງຈຳກິງກຳ  $\lim s_n = s$  //ຈະ

$(s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty}$  ເມື່ອດີກັນຫວັງຈຳ  $(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  [Claim!  $\lim s_{n_k} = s$ ]

$\forall \epsilon > 0$  ເນື່ອງຈາກ  $\lim s_n = s$  ຈະໄດ້ ຫຼື  $N \in \mathbb{N}$

ພໍໃກ້ໄຂ  $|s_n - s| < \epsilon$   $\forall n > N$

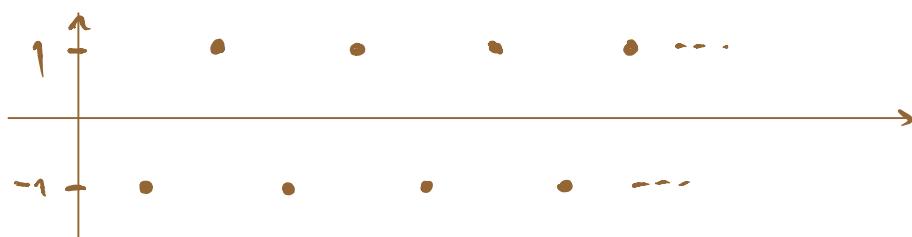
ជាមួយ នៅលម្អិត  $k > N$  នៅលើ  $\eta_k \geq k > N$

$$\text{def} \quad |s_{n_k} - s| < \varepsilon$$

ԼԽՄ!Գ:Ն՞ն  $\lim_{k \rightarrow +\infty} s_{n_k} = s$

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$$\text{မိန္ဒက} \quad (c-1)^n \quad \text{မိန္ဒ}$$

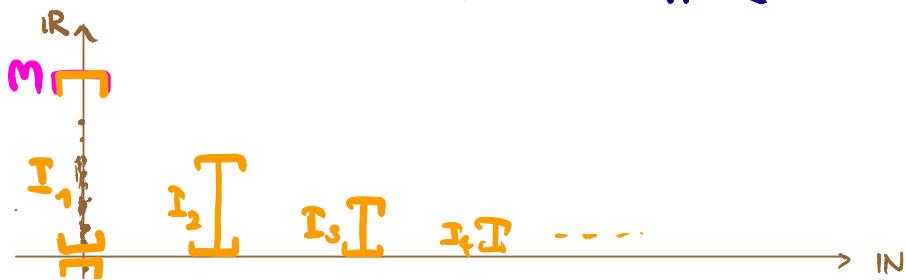


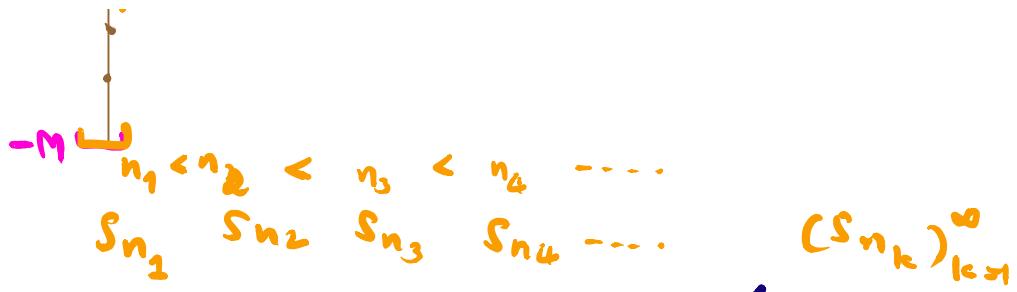
njuzam: (Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem)

ກູລຳດັບມືອນໄຕ ດີມີກຳດັບປະຍາກົມ້າໃຈໆເນັດ

( Every bounded sequence has a convergent subsequence)

ធនធាន ឬ  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = L$  នៅពេល  $n \rightarrow \infty$





រាយការស្មើរៀនវា  $(s_{n_k})_{k=1}^{\infty}$  មែនជាតុច្នោត  
 $(s_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  នៅ:

$$I_1 \subset I_2 \subset I_3 \subset I_4 \subset \dots$$

ស្ថិតិនា The nested interval theorem នៅលើ

$$\bigcap_{k=1}^{\infty} I_k \neq \emptyset$$

$$\text{នេះនៅរាល់ } s^* \in \bigcap_{k=1}^{\infty} I_k \quad [\text{Claim! } \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} s_{n_k} = s^*]$$

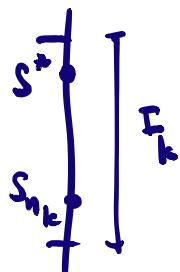
$$\text{ទូទៅ } \varepsilon > 0$$

និងយកអាមេរាប់ពី  $|I_k| \leq \frac{M}{2^{k-1}}$

$$\text{ដូចនេះ } \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} |I_k| = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{M}{2^{k-1}} = 0$$

ដូចនេះ ឯធម៌  $N \in \mathbb{N}$  ដូចនេះ

$$|s_{n_k} - s^*| < |I_k| < \varepsilon \quad \forall k > N$$



$$\text{និងយកអាមេរាប់ពី } \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} s_{n_k} = s^*$$

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